

# Illinois Data-Driven Health & Justice

## “Superutilizers”: Opportunities to Improve Outcomes & Reduce Costs

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# National Estimates

Condition	General Population	Jails	State Prisons
Mental Illness	18%	64%	56%
Serious Mental Illness	5%	15% (men) 31% (women)	10-25%
Drug and/or Alcohol Dependence or Abuse	8%	68%	53%
Co-occurring Substance Abuse & Mental Health Disorder	25%	70%	n/a

# Capacity & Consequences

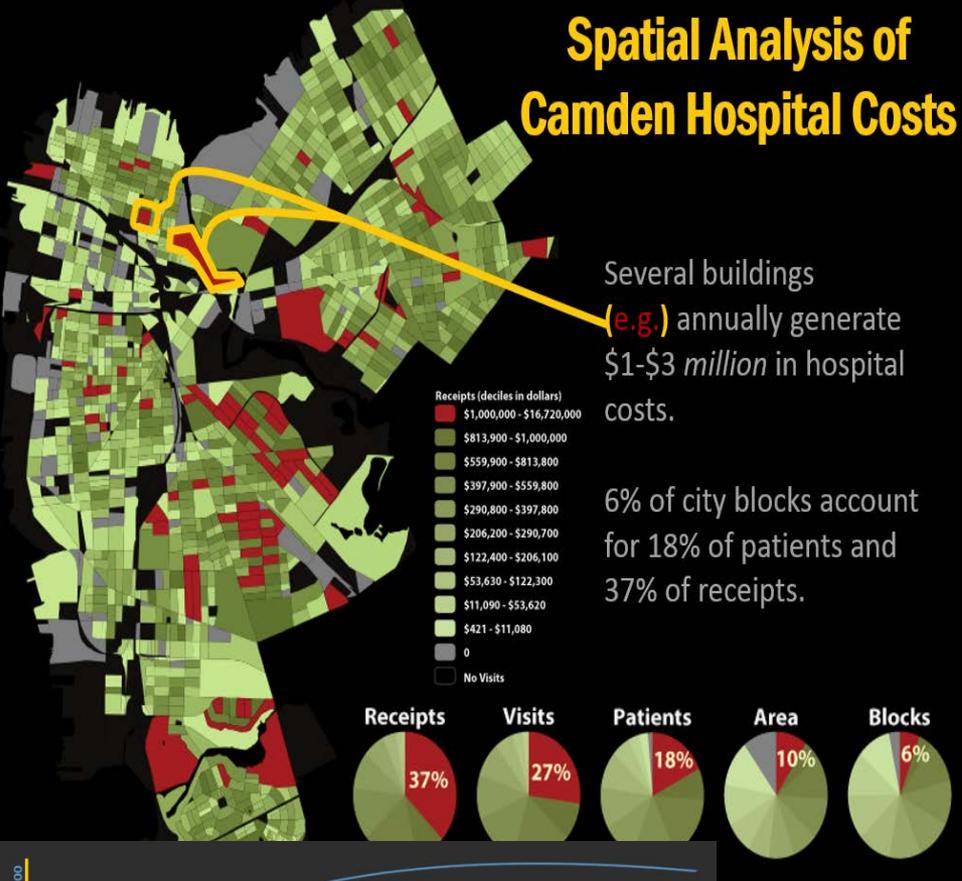
- Current levels of treatment are insufficient to meet the needs
  - Illinois Department of Corrections substance abuse treatment mirrors national estimates: While IDOC has identified about 80% of inmates with substance abuse/alcohol disorders, it provides treatment to about 30%.
- Programming is generally more expensive and less effective when administered in a correctional setting
  - Correctional systems often lack evidence-based programming
- Litigation-Driven Change
- Results in High Rates of Recidivism/Churning, Difficult Conditions, and Poor Public Safety Outcomes
  - Inmates are at elevated risk of death after they are released, particularly in their first two weeks.

# Is this the Best We Can Do?

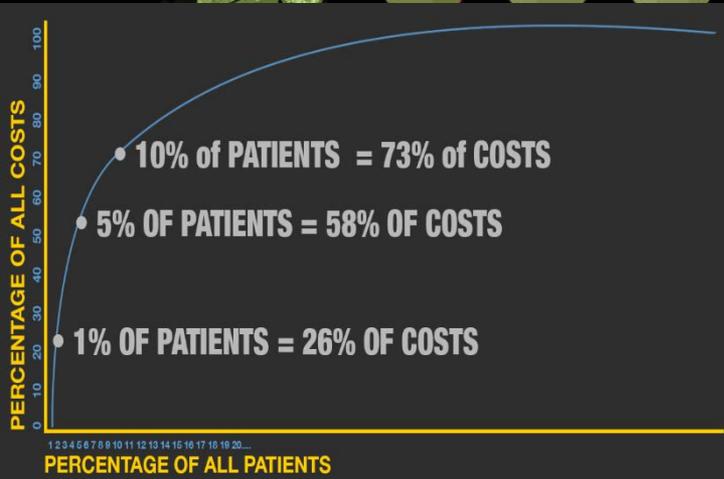
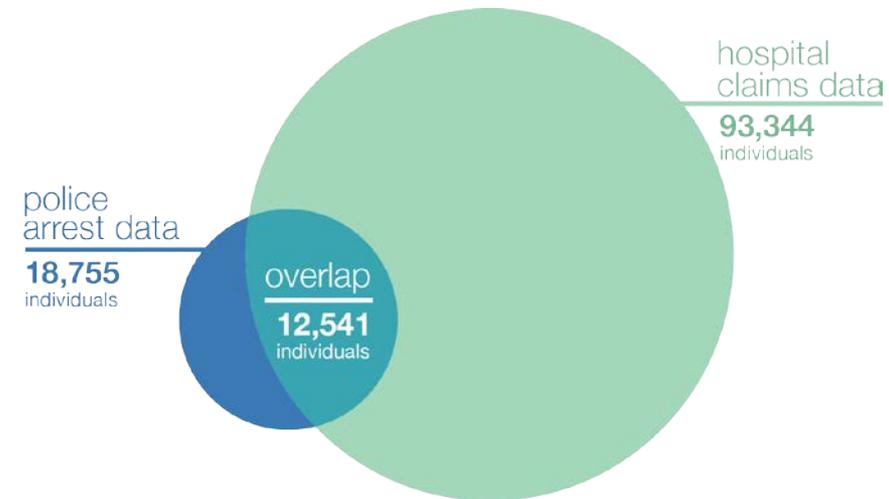
The superutilizer should cause us to question

- Not not just how the criminal justice system can do its job better, but how it can do its job differently
  - Data-driven
  - 360 degree view
  - Reactive and predictive

## Spatial Analysis of Camden Hospital Costs



## Dual-System High Utilizers



205 individuals were identified to be dual-system high utilizers (10+ ED visits & 6+ police encounters over five years).

# SCOUT & SCALE WHAT WORKS: REAL TIME USE OF DATA

## Identify Unseen Opportunities to Intervene

### Risk of police encounter

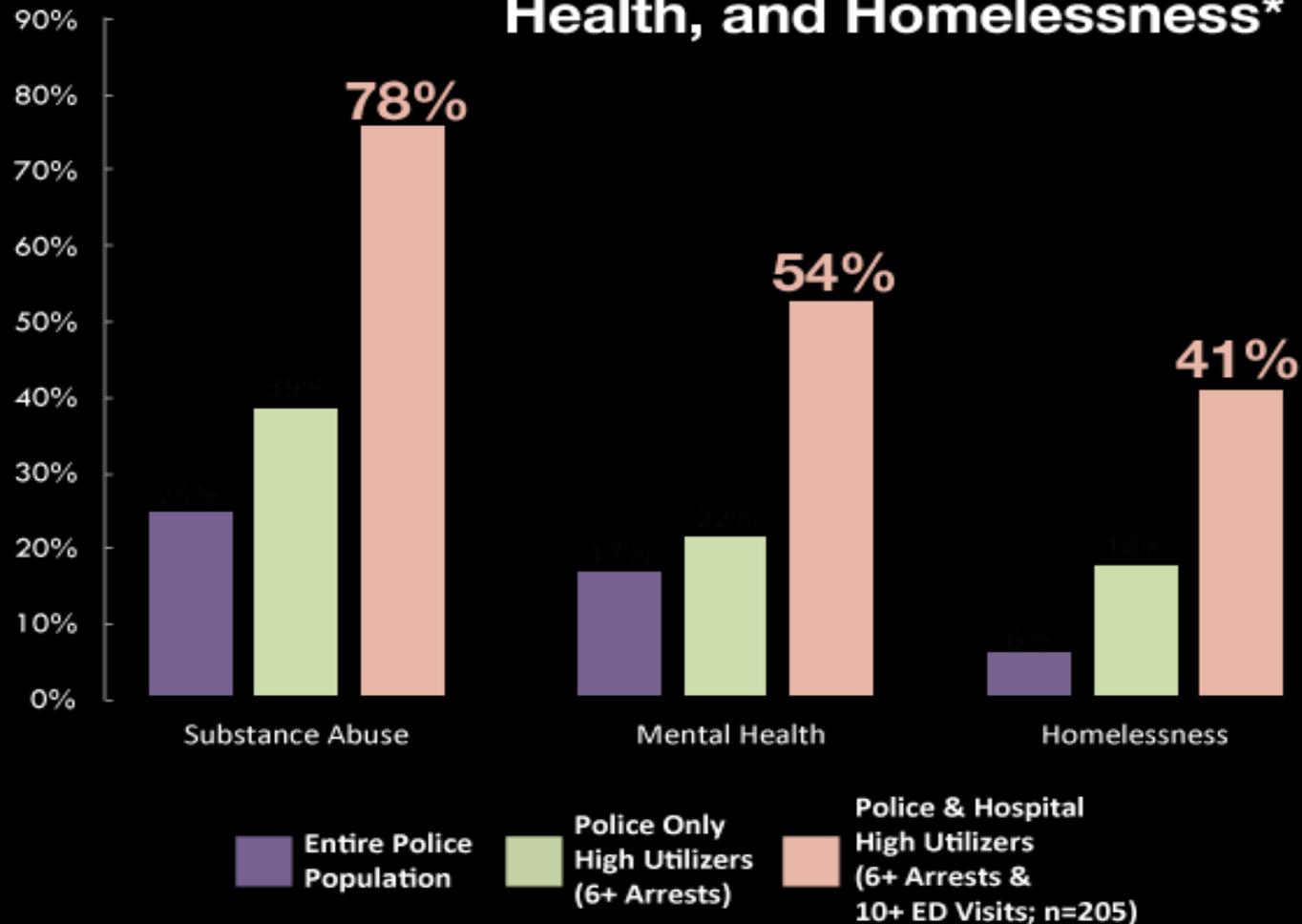
**2.7x** more likely if you visit the Emergency Department 5 times in a year (3.8x for women).

**1.5x** more likely if you have a substance abuse related hospital visit (2.0x for women).

**1.8x** more likely if you visit the hospital with a violence-related diagnosis (2.5x for women).

**~60%** of Police & Hospital High Utilizers have at least one substance-abuse related hospitalization prior to their first encounter with the police department.

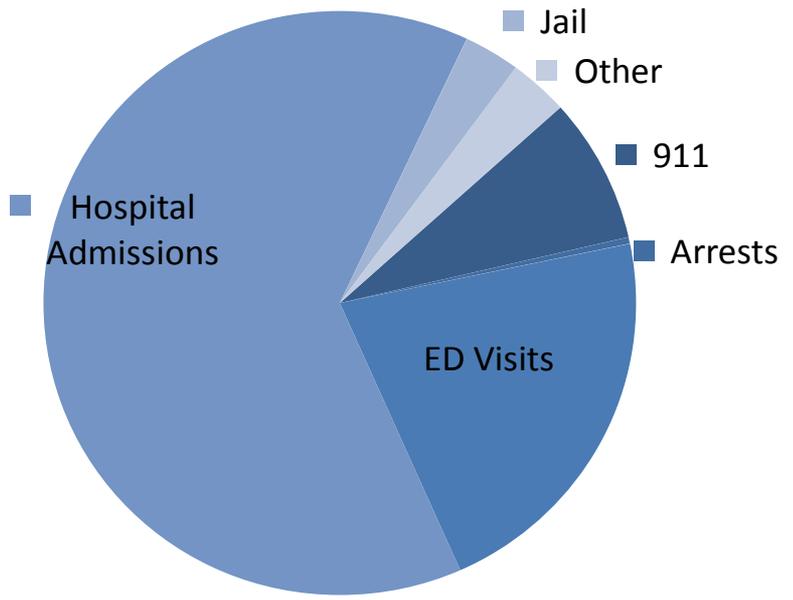
### Prevalence of Substance Abuse, Mental Health, and Homelessness\*



\*Substance abuse and mental health were identified through diagnosis codes from hospital encounters. Homelessness was identified through address data from both hospital and police records. All three are likely to be underreported in the data.

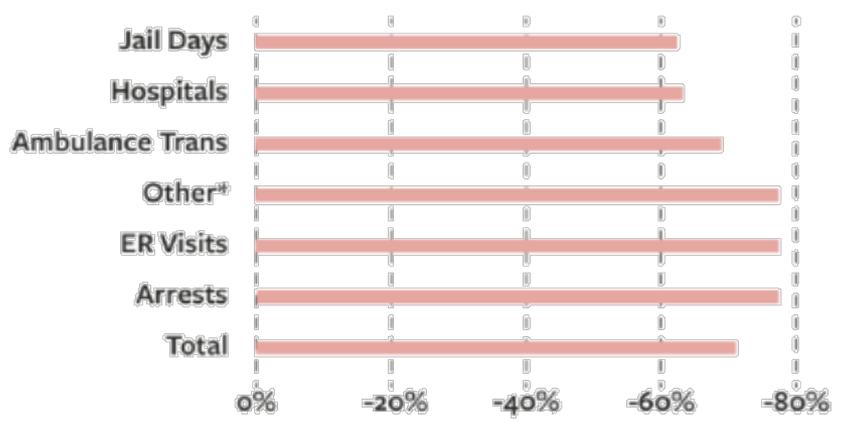
# Project 25: Housing First, Health Home for Serious Mentally Ill and Chronically Homeless

In 2010, 28 people cost the community **\$3.5 million**



## Project 25's Impact on Public Service Expenses

2010 BASE TO 2013



\*Includes: Crisis House, detox centers, homeless shelters, legal assistance, Psychiatric Emergency Response Team

Total Cost Savings = **\$3.7 million** over 2 years (net ROI of 207% in 2012 and 262% in 2013)

All Project 25 individuals **housed** in their own apartments, have acquired **health care** insurance, and are receiving necessary **supportive services and care** on an ongoing basis.

# **(SOME OF THE) DATA CHALLENGES**

SILOED DATA

MANUAL ENTRY

PRIVACY

INTEGRATION

LEGACY SYSTEMS

A SCALABLE TECH  
SOLUTION